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26161 FISH & RICHA	7590 03/03/200 ARDSON PC	EXAMINER		
P.O. BOX 1022		WAI, ERIC CHARLES		
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	10/796,612	INCHINGOLO ET AL.	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	ERIC C. WAI	2195	
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap Period for Reply	opears on the cover sheet with the c	correspondence address	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING ID.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period.  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statu Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION  .136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tired will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from te, cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. mely filed the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status			
Responsive to communication(s) filed on 11 1 2a) This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) This action is <b>FINAL</b> .  3) Since this application is in condition for allowed closed in accordance with the practice under	is action is non-final. ance except for formal matters, pro		
Disposition of Claims			
4)  Claim(s) 1 and 3-32 is/are pending in the approach 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra 5)  Claim(s) is/are allowed.  6)  Claim(s) 1 and 3-32 is/are rejected.  7)  Claim(s) is/are objected to.  8)  Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/	awn from consideration.		
Application Papers			
9) The specification is objected to by the Examin  10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ac  Applicant may not request that any objection to the  Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct  11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the E	ccepted or b) objected to by the e drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Se ction is required if the drawing(s) is ob	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreig a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority documer 2. Certified copies of the priority documer 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Burea * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	nts have been received. nts have been received in Applicat ority documents have been receive au (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	ion No ed in this National Stage	
Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)  Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4)  Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D 5)  Notice of Informal F 6)  Other:	ate	

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### **DETAILED ACTION**

1. Claims 1 and 3-32 are presented for examination.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 101

2. 35 U.S.C. 101 reads as follows:

Whoever invents or discovers any new and useful process, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter, or any new and useful improvement thereof, may obtain a patent therefor, subject to the conditions and requirements of this title.

- 3. Claims 8-12, and 19-24 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 because the claimed invention is directed to non-statutory subject matter.
- 4. Claim 8 recites, "data representations ... data representations ... data". Such data represents an abstract idea.
- 5. When nonfunctional descriptive material is recorded on some computer-readable medium, in a computer or on an electromagnetic carrier signal, it is not statutory since no requisite functionality is present to satisfy the practical application requirement.

  Merely claiming nonfunctional descriptive material, i.e., abstract ideas, stored on a computer-readable medium, in a computer, or on an electromagnetic carrier signal, does not make it statutory (See MPEP 2106.01).
- 6. Regarding claim 19, even though Applicant has invoked the rebuttable presumption that 35 USC 112, 6th paragraph applies in the claim interpretation of the "means," corresponding "structure" in the disclosure is not automatically and inherently

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limited to hardware-inclusive embodiments. It is entirely possible for the corresponding disclosed "means" to cover an embodiment of software alone.

7. Use of the word "system" does <u>not</u> inherently mean that the claim is directed to a **machine**. Only if at least one of the claimed elements of the system is a **physical part** of a device can the system as claimed constitute part of a device or a combination of devices to be a **machine** within the meaning of 101.

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- 8. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

  The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- 9. Claims 1, and 3-32 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.
  - a. Claim 1 recites, "wherein couplings of task elements to attachment locations on the resource element specify an execution ordering constraint on the tasks associated with the task elements". It is unclear how this coupling of task elements specifies an ordering constraint. Limitations such as "wherein the coupling ... specify an execution order constraint" render the claim indefinite as it is unclear what Applicant seeks to claim as his invention.
  - b. Claim 1 also recites, "executing the tasks according to the graphical representation of task dependency". One of ordinary skill would interpret task

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dependency as being a graph in which tasks are dependent on other tasks and edges/lines indicated such dependency. However, Applicant's claim is not functional in lieu of the ordinary meaning of task dependency. For this reason, it is unclear what Applicant is seeking to claim as his invention with the step of "execution of tasks according to the graphical representation of task dependency".

c. Claims 8, 13, 19, and 25 are rejected for the same reasons as claim 1 above.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 10. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 11. Claims 1, and 3-32 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Bayer et al (US Pat No. 5,202,987 hereinafter Bayer) in view of Kavoori et al (US Pat No. 7,039,915 hereinafter Kavoori).
- 12. Bayer was disclosed on IDS dated 03/07/2007.
- 13. Regarding claim 1, Bayer teaches a method for control of task execution in a computer system including:

accepting a specification of a graphical representation of task dependency having a plurality of task elements each associated with a different task (col 6 lines 52-53); and

executing the tasks according to the graphical representation of task dependency (col 6 line 49).

- 14. Bayer does not teach a resource element having a plurality of attachment locations, and linking elements coupling the task elements to the resource element at the plurality of attachment locations, wherein couplings of task elements to attachment locations on the resource element specify an execution ordering constraint on the tasks associated with the task elements
- 15. Kavoori teaches scheduling the allocation of hardware resources to allow for reuse (col 6 lines 46-49 and col 9 lines 53-59). Kavoori teaches that use of resources is serial in nature and each process must sequentially access the resource (col 10 lines 6-9). Kavoori further illustrates an embodiment of his invention using Figure 1C.
- 16. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art, to modify Bayer's task graph to incorporate resources and indicating the scheduling of such resources using a timeline such as indicated by Kavoori. One would be motivated by the desire to indicate the scheduling of resources as taught by Kavoori.
- 17. Regarding claim 3, Bayer teaches that the task elements comprise nodes in the graphical representation, and the linking elements comprise links in the graphical representation (col 6 lines 53-54).

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18. Regarding claim 4, Kavoori teaches that the resource element comprises a timeline with the attachment locations being associated with points on the timeline (Fig 1C, col 6 lines 46-49 and col 9 lines 53-59).

- 19. Regarding claim 5, Kavoori teaches that the resource element is associated with a computation resource for access by the tasks (col 6 lines 46-49).
- 20. Regarding claims 6-7, Bayer and Kavoori do not teach that the computation resource includes a storage resource or data table.
- 21. Kavoori teaches that his system can be implemented in any electronic device need to control hardware resources (col 6 lines 37-39). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention, to modify Bayer and Kavoori to include a storage resource or data table. It is well known in the art that storage resources or data tables are common forms of resources.
- 22. Regarding claims 26-27, Bayer and Kavoori do not explicitly teach that the relative positions of the plurality of attachment locations on the resource element define the ordering constraint or that the plurality of attachment locations comprises at least 3 attachment locations.

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23. Bayer does teach that scheduling is a critical aspect of executing a given program and that static scheduling can be determined before program run-time (col 1 lines 28-51).

- 24. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to include that the relative positions of the plurality of the plurality of attachment locations define an ordering constraint. One would be motivated by the desire to define a static scheduling policy to reduce the overhead associated with dynamic scheduling as taught by Bayer (col 1 lines 52-56).
- 25. Regarding claims 8-25, and 28-32, they are the computer readable medium, system, and method claims of claims 1, 3-7 and 26-27 above. Therefore, they are rejected for the same reasons as claims 1, 3-7 and 26-27 above.

#### Response to Arguments

26. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1 and 3-32 have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

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#### Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to ERIC C. WAI whose telephone number is (571)270-1012. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Fri, 9am-5pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Meng - Ai An can be reached on 571-272-3756. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Eric C Wai/ Examiner, Art Unit 2195

/Meng-Ai An/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 2195